

## 5.1 Mathematical Induction

### 5.1 pg 329 # 5

Prove that  $1^2 + 3^2 + 5^2 + \cdots + (2n+1)^2 = (n+1)(2n+1)(2n+3)/3$  whenever  $n$  is a nonnegative integer.

### 5.1 pg 328 # 7

Prove that  $3 + 3 \cdot 5 + 3 \cdot 5^2 + \cdots + 3 \cdot 5^n = 3(5^{n+1} - 1)/4$  whenever  $n$  is a nonnegative integer.